

CIL  
EMU CRITICAL ITEMS LIST

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ANALYST:

NAME P/N DLY	CRIT	FAILURE NODE & CAUSES	FAILURE EFFECT	RATIONALE FOR ACCEPTANCE
POWER MODE SELECTOR SWITCH, ITEM 354 SV770596-4 (1)	2/2	364RM13; Switch fails in SCU position. (17).	EWD ITEM: Switch contacts remain in SCU position when placed in battery position.  CAUSE: Contact welding caused by arcing or by exposure to vacuum, damage to switch actuator lever.	A. Design - Each of the three switches is sealed in a dry nitrogen filled hermetically sealed case. The switches are per MIL-S-8805/66 with the 10 amps contacts silver plated. Switch contacts rated for 10 ampere. Actual current flow is 3.8 ampere. The external solder terminals are designed to withstand an axial pull of 8 lbs. without degradation. The bolt socket of the toggle pivot is greased (Braycote 601) prior to assembly.  B. Test - Component Acceptance Test - Switch operation and continuity are verified during vendor acceptance tests. The switch is also subjected to 500 run-in cycles and an axial pull test on the handle to verify that it will not come loose during normal use.  In-Process Test - Operation and integrity of the switch are verified during four separate in-process tests during initial Item 350 assembly. These tests include continuity and output voltage. The switch is cycled during these tests.  PQA Test - The switch is subjected to Acceptance/PQA testing as part of Item 350. Tests include continuity, operating torque, vibration, thermal cycling, and thermal vacuum. The switch is also cycled during Item 350 Acceptance/PQA electrical functional tests.  Certification Test - The item completed 3,464 inductive and 8,536 resistive cycles during 1/81 which fulfilled the cycle certification requirement of 3,464 and 8,536 respectively. Class I Engineering change 42806-386 (Toggle Handle Pull Test) has been incorporated since this configuration was certified.  C. Inspection - To preclude failure due to internal contamination, the switches are assembled by the vendor in an environmentally controlled room. Assembly and processing is per

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NAME	FAILURE	MODE &	CAUSES	FAILURE EFFECT	RATIONALE FOR ACCEPTANCE
P/N	CRIT	OTF			
	2/2			364FM13:	MIL-S-8805/46. The switches receive in-process cycling and leak checks. The entire item 364 is x-ray inspected for acceptability of brazeing. The solder terminals are visually checked as part of source inspection for the part. The terminals are also inspected after lead wires are soldered on during BCM assembly. Solder joints are inspected per MILS300.4. (3A-1).

D. Failure History -  
None.

E. Ground Turnaround -  
Tested per FEMU-R-001, EMU Vacuum Performance, and DCM Display Verification.

F. Operational Use -  
Crew Response - PreEVA: Troubleshoot problem, if no success, consider third EMU if available. Otherwise, EMU go for EVA.  
EVA: Continue EVA.  
Training - Standard training covers this failure mode.  
Operational Considerations - EVA checklist procedures verify hardware integrity and systems operational status prior to EVA. Flight rules define go/no go criteria related to EMU CWS. Real Time Data System allows ground monitoring of EMU systems.